





# **SBF SME Internationalisation Index March 2023**





## SBF SME Internationalisation Index: Business sentiment ratings of the markets that Singapore businesses have gone to or intend to go to.

This report details findings from the SBF SME Internationalisation Index (SMEII). The findings look into the following areas:

- Sentiments on the international economy and business outlook in overseas markets
- Sentiments on business activities in overseas markets
- Sentiments on the operating environment in overseas markets

#### The SMEII serves to:



Measure the level of interest of Singapore businesses in going overseas.



Pinpoint the areas of assistance needed to facilitate businesses in their overseas expansions.



Further the government's vision in the internationalisation of Singapore businesses.



Function as a resource for Singapore businesses to identify opportunities in their overseas expansion journeys.



### **Respondent Profile by Sector**



	Mar 2023	Nov 2022	Jun 2022	Dec 2021
	% of respondents	% of respondents	% of respondents	% of respondents
IT & Professional Services	19%	17%	21%	17%
Manufacturing	17%	17%	14%	15%
Wholesale Trade	14%	13%	17%	18%
Construction & Civil Engineering	10%	9%	8%	8%
Other Services (e.g. Education, Repair & Servicing)	9%	9%	8%	7%
Banking & Insurance	8%	7%	8%	9%
Retail, Real Estate, Hotels, Restaurants & Accom.	5%	7%	6%	8%
Logistics & Transportation	5%	7%	6%	6%
Others (e.g. Holding & Investment Companies)	13%	14%	12%	12%
	100%	100%	100%	100%
	400	400		

n=400

n=503

n=600

n = 400

The sample collected from December 2022 to February 2023 s included both SMEs (87%) and larger companies (13%).

#### **Definitions to note:**

### **Production & Trade**

Manufacturing **Construction & Civil Engineering Logistics & Transportation** Wholesale Trade

#### **Services**

IT & Professional Services Other Services Retail, Real Estate, Hotels, Restaurants & Accommodations Banking & Insurance



### Six Sub-Indices together define the SMEII

Components that make up each of the sub-index

#### **Infrastructure**

- Reliable utilities
- · Well-developed financial banking system
- · Well-developed digital infrastructure
- · Affordable digital infrastructure
- Support on innovation and digitalisation by the local government
- Well-developed logistics & distribution network



#### Skillset

- Affordable and easily available staff with the right skills
- Workforce education
- Workforce ethics and motivation
- Policies that support businesses and investors
- Government support for upskilling
- Workforce is receptive to upskilling
- Availability of local tech partners/vendors

#### Trade & Investment

- Easy to access credit/financing
- Transparent rules on capital investment
- · Low level of tariffs or trade barriers
- · Low level of non-trade barriers
- Legal protection for Singapore investors
- Easy to bring money/capital into the market
- Easy to repatriate capital/profit from the market





- Use of international business language
- Workforce ethnic diversity
- Workforce gender diversity
- Foreigner friendly
- Easy to bring in overseas talents
- Easy to find business partners that can be trusted
- Diverse pools of potential customers/ buyers

### **Business Environment & Regulations**

- Predictable regulations & legislations
- · Information available on regulations & formalities
- Support for Singapore companies
- · Singapore companies are treated fairly
- · Easy to partner with local companies
- · Intellectual property rights protection
- Cybersecurity

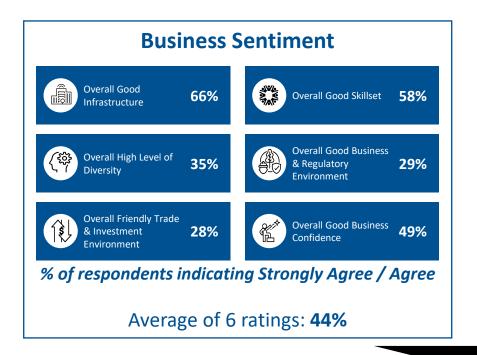


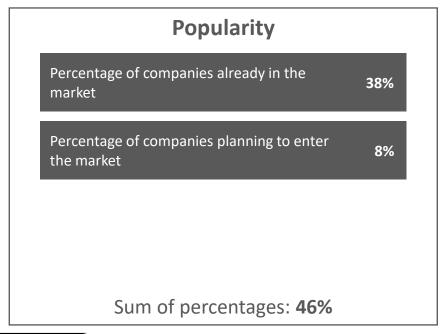
### **Business Confidence**

- Manageable cost of running business
- Stable social & political environment
- Strong growth potential
- Strong confidence in economic growth
- Government is effective in managing crises and external shocks



### **Computation of SMEII**





#### **SMEII: 45**

(Average score of Business Sentiments and Popularity, out of 100)

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- 2.1 Executive Summary
- 2.2 Sentiments on Internationalisation
- 2.3 ASEAN: Appeals and Challenges
- 2.4 Rest of the World: Appeals and Challenges



### **Executive Summary**

Market sentiments continued to improve across most of the overseas markets. Singapore businesses eager to speed up growth and expansion plans to make up for the slowdown in the past few years.

- The **overall internationalisation sentiment has improved** to 45% (from 39% in June 2022). This is especially driven by improved sentiments on ASEAN markets (48%, up from 40% in June 2022).
- In the next three years, nearly six in ten (57%) companies with operations outside of Singapore plan to **expand further into new markets**, up from 55% in June 2022.
- 14% of companies with no overseas market operations, plan to expand abroad in the next 3 years.



### **Executive Summary**

Disruptions in travel and supply chains eased further in March 2023. Notwithstanding, price inflation has become a key challenge for many businesses.

- 40% of businesses were impacted by travel disruptions, down from 50% in June 2022.
   Many have resumed international travels and are eager to develop their overseas operations.
- Supply chain disruptions have also eased somewhat, with 35% of businesses experiencing severe disruptions (as compared to 46% in June 2022). Key disruptions include: 'pandemic' (68%), 'logistics issues' (57%), and 'border closures' (57%).
- Almost half of businesses (49%), compared to 40% in June 2022, are negatively impacted by price inflation.



### **Executive Summary**

Even as overseas operations recover from the pandemic, the conviction to internationalise as the way for further business growth strengthened.

- 71% of businesses that have gone overseas or plan to go overseas see the need to
  internationalise because the domestic market is too small and that expanding abroad is the
  way to grow the business.
- **Key considerations in the selection of overseas markets**: growth potential of the market (66%) and market size (51%).
- There is stronger interest in ASEAN, largely driven by strong market potential and readiness, as well as established trade infrastructure.
- For the rest of the world, key areas of appeal lie in trade and financial infrastructure, and strong workforce.

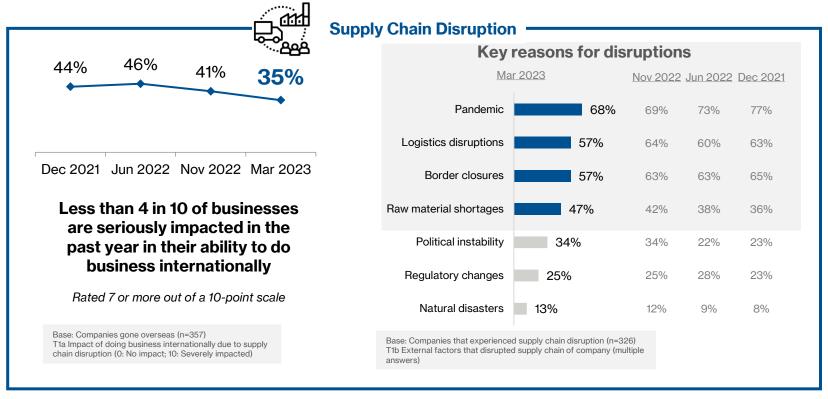
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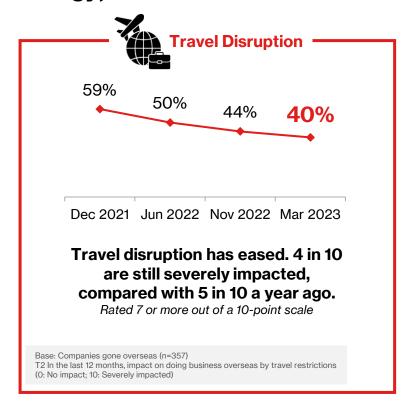


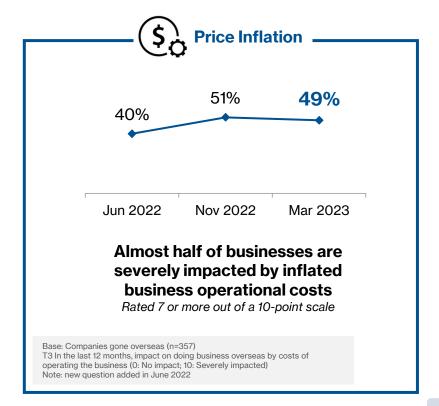
Supply chain disruption has eased. Notwithstanding, businesses are still feeling the impact of the pandemic and faced challenges in the areas of logistics, border closures, and raw material shortages.





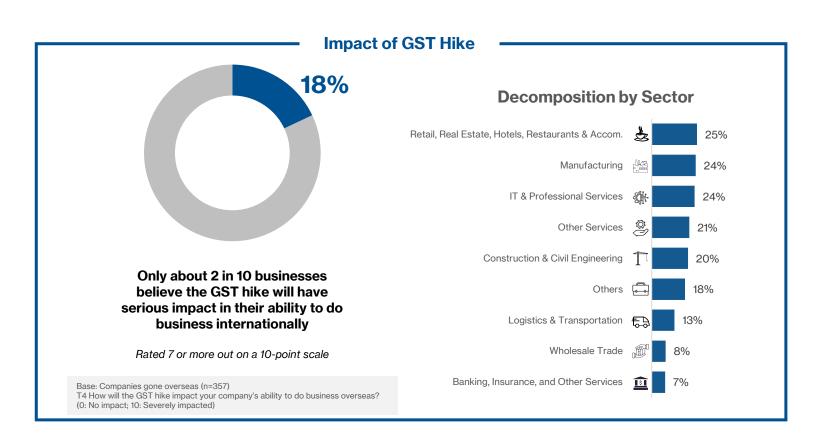
Travel disruption continues to trend down. Yet, cost of business operations has not come down, mainly driven by labour, logistics, energy, and raw material costs.





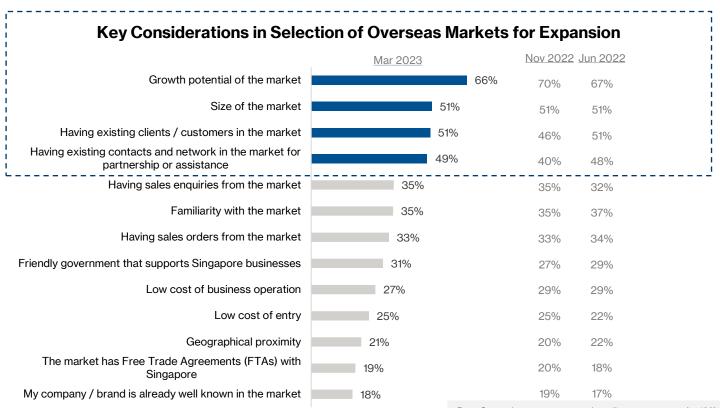


# Only about 2 in 10 businesses think the GST hike will significantly impact their ability to do business overseas.



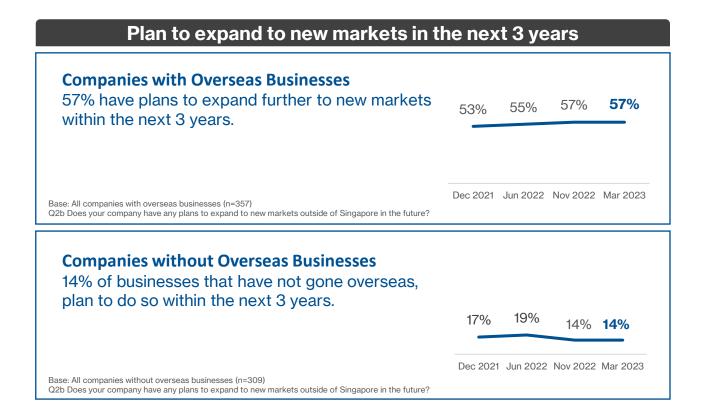


# Despite challenges in the past few years, key considerations in the selection of overseas market remain largely consistent.





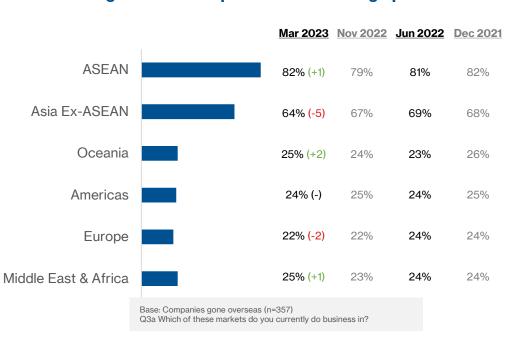
Interest in overseas expansion in the next 3 years held steady for companies which have internationalised and for those with no overseas market operations.





# ASEAN is the most important region for internationalisation, followed by Asia ex-ASEAN.

#### Regions that companies have existing operations in



### Regions that companies intend to venture into

	<u>Mar 2023</u>	Nov 2022	<u>Jun 2022</u>	Dec 2021	
	64% (-2)	63%	66%	68%	
	44% (-2)	44%	46%	53%	
	17% (-3)	21%	20%	18%	
	16% (-2)	20%	18%	17%	
	19% (+1)	26%	18%	21%	
	26% (+4)	20%	22%	23%	
Rose Companies intending to go everyood (n=248)					

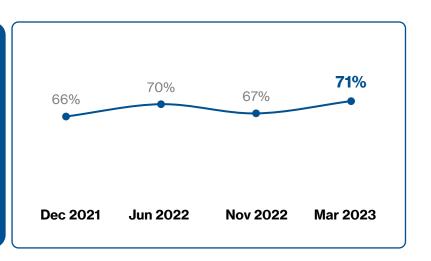
Base: Companies intending to go overseas (n=248) Q3b Which of these markets do you plan to expand your business to in the next 36 months?

( ) Compared with June 2022



# As businesses recover from the pandemic, their conviction to internationalise as the way for further business growth strengthened.

71% Agree\* that
"The Singapore market is too small,
internationalisation is the way to grow the
business"



<sup>\*</sup> Rated 6 or 7 on a 7-point scale



# SMEII continues to trend up since December 2021. The increase in March 2023 is fuelled by improved sentiments on ASEAN markets.



Average Score of Business Sentiment & Popularity

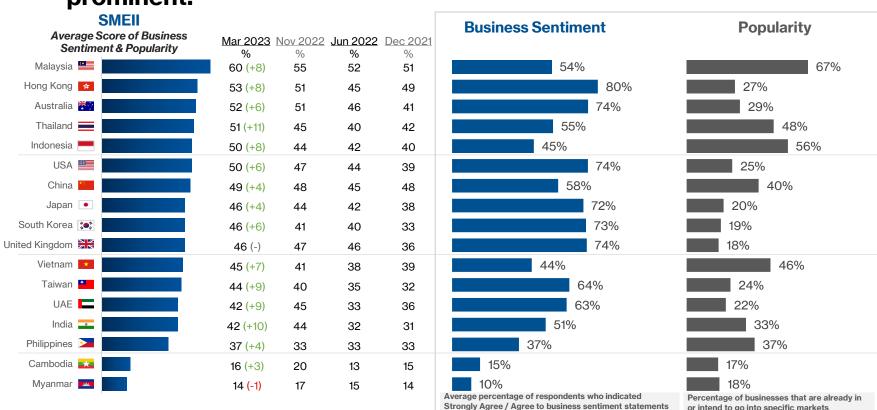
Business Sentiment: Average percentage of respondents who indicated Strongly Agree / Agree to business sentiment statements Q6a-Q6f Ratings of statements on Infrastructure, Skills, Diversity, Business Environment & Regulations, Trade & Investment, and Business Confidence

Popularity: Percentage of businesses that are already in or intend to go into specific markets

Q3 Specific markets that businesses are already in / intend to enter Base: Companies gone overseas or intending to go overseas (n=400)



# March 2023 saw the greatest boost in market sentiments since December 2021. The rise in sentiments on ASEAN markets is prominent.



Confidence

Q6a-Q6f Ratings of statements on Infrastructure, Skills, Diversity,

Business Environment & Regulations, Trade & Investment, and Business

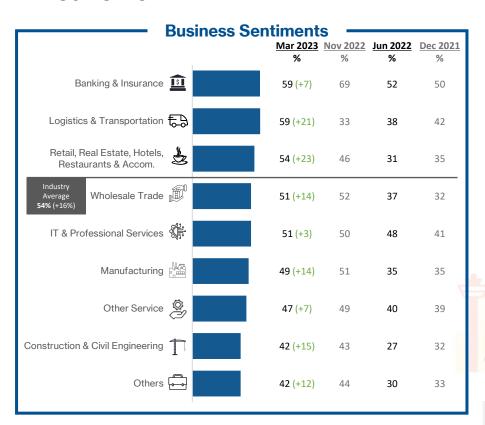
Base: Companies gone overseas or intending to go overseas (n=400)

Q3 Specific markets that businesses are already in /

intend to enter



### Business sentiments have increased across industries, compared to June 2022.



Retail, Real Estate, Hotels, Restaurants & Accommodations, Logistics & Transportation saw the most pronounced increase in sentiments.

**Constructions & Civil Engineering** also saw a rise in sentiments as infrastructure projects resumed after market lockdowns.

The **Banking & Insurance** sector saw a moderation in overall sentiments compared to the last survey in November 2022.

Base: Companies gone overseas or intending to go overseas (n=400) Q6a-Q6f Ratings of statements on Infrastructure, Skills, Diversity, Business Environment & Regulations, Trade & Investment, and Business Confidence (% of respondents who indicated Strongly Agree / Agree)

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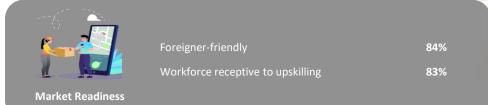
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# **ASEAN's Top 10 Internationalisation Appeals**







Singapore businesses continue to show strong interest in the ASEAN markets. Core appeals in these markets remain consistent: strong market growth potential, well-developed trade infrastructure, and market readiness.

Base: n=315 (all companies rated on ASEAN markets)
Q6a-Q6f Ratings of statements on Infrastructure, Skills, Diversity, Business Environment & Regulations, Trade & Investment, and Business Confidence (% of respondents who indicated agreement)



### ASEAN's Top 10 Internationalisation Challenges







Singapore companies doing business in ASEAN continue to manage challenges in areas related to compliance, cybersecurity & intellectual property protection, and identifying trusted local partners.

Base: n=315 (all companies rated on ASEAN markets)
Q6a-Q6f Ratings of statements on Infrastructure, Skills, Diversity, Business Environment & Regulations, Trade & Investment, and Business Confidence (% of respondents who indicated agreement)

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# Rest of the World's Top 10 Internationalisation Appeals





İ	Diverse Pools of potential customers / buyers	90%
	Workforce receptive to upskilling	88%
	Availability of local tech partners / vendors	85%
Workforce & Partnership		

NEW Not amongst the top 10 appeals in November 2022

Trade infrastructure remains a key appeal among Singapore businesses for markets in the rest of the world (ex ASEAN). Businesses are also drawn to these markets by their financial protection, as well as ready access to technological partners and customers.

Base: n=221 (all companies rated on markets in the Rest of the World)
Q6a-Q6f Ratings of statements on Infrastructure, Skills, Diversity, Business Environment &
Regulations, Trade & Investment, and Business Confidence (% of respondents who
indicated agreement)



# Rest of the World's Top 10 Internationalisation Challenges







Businesses face difficulties in gaining access to financing, and navigating trade regulations and barriers. After the recent years of travel restrictions, it may be more challenging for businesses to reconnect and identify trusted partners.

Base: : n=221 (all companies rated on markets in the Rest of the World)
Q6a-Q6f Ratings of statements on Infrastructure, Skills, Diversity, Business Environment &
Regulations, Trade & Investment, and Business Confidence (% of respondents who
indicated agreement)







